

# United States Department of Agriculture National Agricultural Statistics Service

# FLORIDA CROP PROGRESS & CONDITION REPORT



In cooperation with the Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services and the UF/IFAS Extension Service 2290 Lucien Way, Suite 300, Maitland, FL 32751 · (407) 648-6013 · (855) 271-9801 FAX · www.nass.usda.gov/fl

Released: December 15, 2014 (4 PM EST) Week Ending: December 14, 2014

## Cool, Dry Week

Weather Summary: According to Florida's Automated Weather Network (FAWN), rainfall was less than one inch across the State. Dover (Hillsborough County) received the most rain with 0.33 of an inch. Per the U.S. Drought Monitor, Florida was 90 percent drought free this past week. Temperatures ranged from 26 degrees for night time lows to 76 degrees for day time highs, across the State. The highest temperature was 76 degrees in Fort Lauderdale (Broward County), Homestead (Miami-Dade County), and Palmdale (Glades County). The majority of the State recorded temperatures in the 70s this past week. The lowest temperature in the State was 26 degrees in Lecanto (Citrus County).

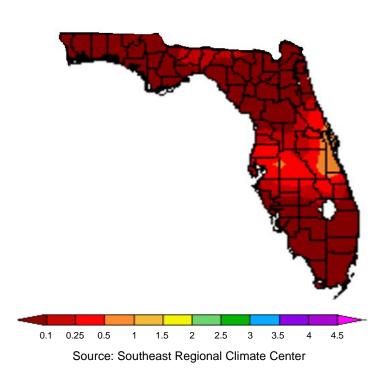
**Soil Moisture Ratings** 

	Topsoil			
Moisture Rating	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	
Very short	1	0	11	
Short	18	17	28	
Adequate	72	75	55	
Surplus	9	8	6	

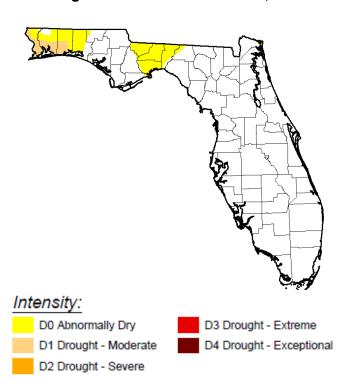
**Field Crops:** There was an average of 6.5 days suitable for field work this past week, above the previous week. Almost all crops were harvested. Small grain winter forage and wheat for grain was being planted. Small pines were being planted. There was less haying in Brevard County this fall due to wet weather. In Glades and Hendry counties sugarcane harvest continued.

Fruit and Vegetables: Flagler and Putnam county farmers were planting cabbage and cold crops, and preparing fields to plant potatoes. Spring season vegetable crops planting began. Some u-pick strawberry fields opened in Orange County. Vegetable harvesting in southwest Florida continued where farmers harvested green beans, beets, cucumbers, eggplant, herbs, kale, peppers, squash, tomatoes, and watermelon. Planting in Miami-Dade County continued on green beans, yellow squash, zucchini, peppers, tomato, eggplant, sweet corn, boniato, bitter melon, and malanga. Harvested were green beans, pole beans, yellow squash, zucchini, okra, boniato, malanga, and avocado.

Precipitation (in)-Florida: December 8-14, 2014



U.S. Drought Monitor-Florida: Dec. 9, 2014



Livestock and Pastures: Cattle and horse owners were feeding hay. Frost on three mornings left all pasture brown. Light rainfall, small amounts of rain, and warmer temperatures improved winter forage and reduced livestock stress in the Panhandle and north Florida. Hardee County reported standing water in low lying areas but flooding was not an issue. Statewide, the cattle condition was mostly good while pasture condition was fair to good.

#### **Cattle and Pasture Condition**

	Cattle		Pasture	
Condition	Current week	Previous week	Current week	Previous week
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Very poor	0	0	3	3
Poor	2	1	11	9
Fair	24	24	38	37
Good	70	70	47	49
Excellent	4	5	1	2

**Citrus:** Temperatures were slightly lower than average for this time of the year, with daytime highs barely getting into the 70s on most days, and morning lows dropping down to the mid 30s. Only Kenansville (Osceola County) and Dade City (Pasco County) recorded more than a quarter of an inch of rainfall. As per the U.S. Drought Monitor, last updated December 9, 2014, no drought or abnormally dry conditions exist in any citrus producing area.

Early orange harvest is in full swing, primarily for juice. Thirteen of fifteen processing plants have opened and are beginning to run fruit. Field work surveys showed early orange sizes are running extremely small this season, and ratios are lower than normal.

White and colored grapefruit harvest is picking up with a majority of white grapefruit going to the plants for processing, while colored grapefruit is being harvested primarily for the fresh market.

Sunburst tangerines and Navel oranges are being harvested at peak amounts from now until the end of their seasons. Fresh fruit quality is overall good, but much of it is still coming in very small.

Grove activity included irrigation, mowing in preparation for harvest, aerial spraying and fertilizing. Field workers across the citrus growing region reported resets being planted, and old non-productive trees being pushed.

### **Citrus Estimated Boxes Harvested**

[In thousands of 1-3/5 bushel boxes]

	For week ending:			
Сгор	Nov 30, 2014	Dec 7, 2014	Dec 14, 2014	
	(boxes)	(boxes)	(boxes)	
Early & mid oranges	298	1,701	2,174	
Ambersweet	0	0	5	
Navel oranges	91	155	160	
White grapefruit	10	20	18	
Colored grapefruit	218	328	265	
Sunburst tangerines	89	136	130	
Tangelos	23	67	60	
Total	729	2,407	2,812	

To subscribe to this report, at no cost, go to the NASS website at <a href="http://www.nass.usda.gov/Statistics">http://www.nass.usda.gov/Statistics</a> by State/Florida/Subscribe to FL Reports/index.asp. Complete the Subscribe to FL Reports form, select Florida Crop-Weather and enter your first and last name and your e-mail. The precipitation map used in this report is from the Southeast Regional Climate Center (SERCC) website at <a href="http://www.sercc.com/climateinfo/precip">http://www.sercc.com/climateinfo/precip</a> maps. The drought monitor map used in this report is from the U.S. Drought Monitor website at <a href="http://droughtmonitor.unl.edu">http://droughtmonitor.unl.edu</a> maintained by the National Drought Mitigation Center. The precipitation and temperature data is from the Florida Automated Weather Network (FAWN) at <a href="http://fawn.ifas.ufl.edu">http://fawn.ifas.ufl.edu</a> maintained by UF/IFAS Information Technologies.