

# United States Department of Agriculture National Agricultural Statistics Service

# WEATHER CROP



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Week ending January 2, 2011

## 2010 Ends with Record Freezing Temperatures

Weather Summary: A cold front swept the State early in the week of December 27 through January 2. Freezing temperatures set new record lows across the Sunshine State. Unseasonably cold temperatures averaged one to five degrees below normal. Hard freezes and frosts occurred in several regions from the Panhandle down to the southern Peninsula. Evening lows were in the lower 20s and 30s with the wind chill factor in the teens at several stations. Areas recording lows in the teens included Alachua, Brooksville, Okahumpka, Quincy, and Tallahassee. Most daytime highs were in the 70s. Towards the end of the week temperatures warmed up with a few areas recording at least one high in the 80s. Rainfall ranged from none to over an inch in a few localities. Jay recorded two and a half inches of rain. The cold temperatures coupled with the continuous dry weather sparked several dry land wildfires across Florida.

**Soil Moisture Ratings** 

Moisture Rating	Topsoil			Subsoil		
	Previous week	Previous year	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	Current week
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Very short	25	0	26	20	1	32
Short	35	26	37	32	25	29
Adequate	38	65	35	45	62	36
Surplus	2	9	2	3	12	3

**Field Crops:** Sugarcane growth was stopped due to the freeze. Growers were harvesting when the bitter, cold weather hit. Some plant cane which will be used for seed next season was destroyed. Planting of potatoes was halted due to extreme drought conditions in Flagler County. Actual potato seed was not affected by the frigid temperatures. Cotton, peanut, and soybean growers disked and conducted soil tests for the upcoming growing season.

Vegetables: Harvesting of vegetables was hindered due to sub-freezing temperatures. Growers were trying to recover and assess damage from prior freeze when the latest freeze hit. To assist growers, the state of emergency for agricultural crops that was issued prior was extended. The order raised weight restriction on trucks carrying agricultural products so growers could harvest and ship as much produce as possible to reduce production loss. Some producers put freeze cloths over vegetables for protection. Nearly 80 percent of the sweet corn crop in western Palm Beach County was destroyed from the first cold snap. Sweet corn producers in Homestead were assessing the extent of the damage to younger plants. Snap beans were impacted by the freeze. A number of growers for snap beans and sweet corn used helicopters for cold protection to prevent frost from settling on crops. Cabbage development was delayed due to the cold spell. Strawberries were able to survive the freeze as growers ran overhead sprinkler systems to form ice caps on berries. The cold weather will delay the berries growth and development. Harvesting of snap beans, eggplant, bell peppers, and strawberries was curtailed due to cold weather. Only light shipments of vegetables were available for marketing with some shipments completely halted due to cold weather.

**Floriculture and Nursery**: Nursery and floriculture producers were assessing the damage from the latest freeze.

Livestock and Pastures: Statewide, the pasture condition improved slightly, but most was in poor condition. In the Panhandle and northern areas, the pasture condition was mostly poor. Winter forage growth was lower than normal due to cold weather. Cool season forages were not very productive due to the hard freezes and dry conditions. Summer pasture was completely dormant and grazed down. Some irrigated pasture fields were not yet grazeable. The cattle condition was mostly fair. Hay was fed where available. In the central area, the pasture condition ranged from very poor to good with most in poor condition. Cattle were being fed hay. In the southwestern area, the pasture condition ranged from very poor to excellent with most in poor condition. The cattle condition was mostly fair. Statewide, the condition of the cattle ranged from poor to excellent with most in fair condition. Cows were calving and required more feed.

### **Cattle and Pasture Condition**

- I'''	Cat	tle	Pasture		
Condition	Previous week	Current week	Previous week	Current week	
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	
Very poor	5	0	20	15	
Poor	10	10	50	55	
Fair	45	50	25	20	
Good	39	35	5	9	
Excellent	1	5	0	1	

**Citrus:** Highs during the early part of the week were in the 40s and 50s, with early morning lows in the 20s and 30s, rising to highs in the 70s and 80s, with lows in the 50s as temperatures returned to a more normal range. Six of the 25 stations recorded precipitation this week. Alachua reported the most precipitation with 0.33 inch of rainfall. Overall, there were moderate to severe drought conditions in most of the citrus area according to the U.S. drought monitor, last updated on December 28. Indian River, Brevard, and St Lucie counties experienced extreme drought conditions, while surrounding counties experienced severe conditions. Harvest was well underway with forty-four packinghouses and fourteen processors receiving fruit. Cultural practices included application of lime and irrigation.

#### Citrus Estimated Boxes Harvested

[In thousands of 1-3/5 bushel boxes]

Crop	December 19, 2010	December 26, 2010	January 2, 2011	
	(boxes)	(boxes)	(boxes)	
Early and mid oranges	4,561	3,633	(NA)	
Ambersweet	5	2	(NA)	
Navel oranges	222	105	(NA)	
Grapefruit	509	241	(NA)	
Tangelos	81	70	(NA)	
Tangerines	263	137	(NA)	
Total	5,641	4,188	(NA)	

NA Not available.

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