

2012-13 California Navel Orange Objective Measurement Report



California Department of Food and Agriculture, California Agricultural Statistics Service

Cooperating with the USDA, National Agricultural Statistics Service, California Field Office

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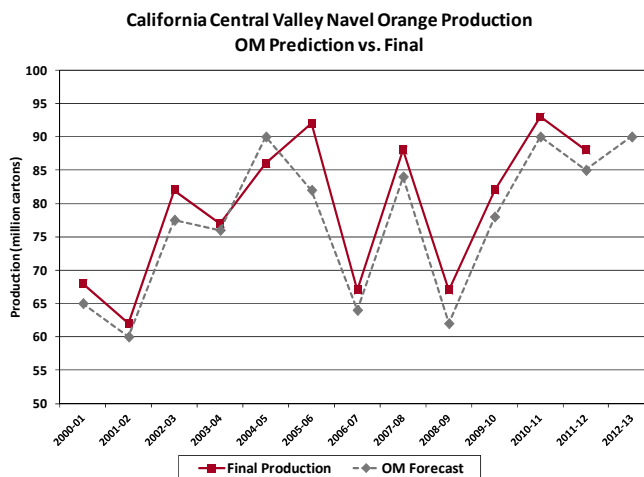
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NAVEL ORANGE PRODUCTION FORECAST UP

The initial 2012-13 Navel orange forecast is 93.0 million cartons. Of the total Navel orange forecast, 90.0 million cartons are estimated to be in the Central Valley. This forecast is based on the results of the 2012-13 Navel Orange Objective Measurement (O.M.) Survey, which was conducted from July 15 to September 3, 2012. Estimated fruit set per tree, fruit diameter, trees per acre, bearing acreage, and oranges per box were used in the statistical models estimating production.

The varieties forecast in this report include conventional, organic, and specialty Navel oranges (including Cara Cara and Blood orange varieties).

Survey data indicated a fruit set per tree of 344, above the five-year average of 324. The average September 1 diameter was 2.195 inches, below the five-year average of 2.254.



CALIFORNIA NAVAL ORANGE AVERAGE SET PER TREE BY COUNTY

| Year | Fresno | Tulare | Kern | Central Valley 1/ |
|---------|--------|--------|------|-------------------|
| 2000-01 | 485 | 293 | 392 | 347 |
| 2001-02 | 201 | 260 | 299 | 264 |
| 2002-03 | 289 | 465 | 592 | 466 |
| 2003-04 | 524 | 305 | 388 | 358 |
| 2004-05 | 432 | 356 | 465 | 392 |
| 2005-06 | 571 | 445 | 465 | 461 |
| 2006-07 | 285 | 280 | 358 | 294 |
| 2007-08 | 380 | 384 | 429 | 390 |
| 2008-09 | 179 | 183 | 262 | 202 |
| 2009-10 | 247 | 286 | 337 | 294 |
| 2010-11 | 318 | 417 | 484 | 418 |
| 2011-12 | 301 | 281 | 413 | 318 |
| 2012-13 | 349 | 309 | 435 | 344 |

1/ Includes Madera, Fresno, Tulare, Kings, and Kern counties.

SURVEY SAMPLE

A sample of 576 Navel orange groves was randomly selected proportional to county and variety bearing acreage, and 539 of the groves were utilized in this survey. Once a grove was randomly chosen and grower permission was granted, two trees were randomly selected. The Navel orange sample included organic, Cara Cara, and Blood orange groves.

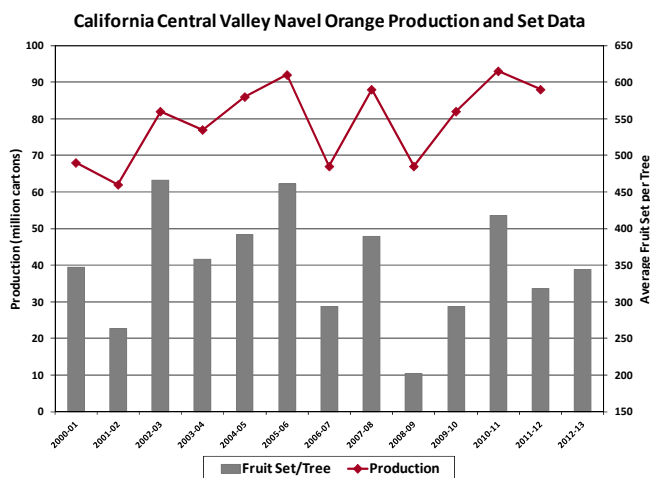
For each randomly selected tree, its trunk was measured along with all connected branches. A random number table was then used to select a branch, and then all connected branches from the randomly-selected branch were measured.

This process was repeated until a branch was reached with no significant limbs beyond it. This randomly-selected branch, called the terminal branch, was then closely inspected to count all fruit connected to it, as well as all of the fruit along the path from the trunk to the terminal branch. Since each selected path has a probability of selection associated with it, a probability-based method was then applied to estimate a fruit count for the entire tree.

In the last week of the survey period, fruit diameter measurements were made on the right quadrant of four trees surrounding the two trees of every third grove. These measurements were used to estimate an average fruit diameter per tree. Of the 539 utilized groves, 10 were in Madera County, 92 were in Fresno County, 306 were in Tulare County, and 131 were in Kern County.

SURVEY HISTORY

A Navel Orange Objective Measurement Survey has been conducted in the Central Valley every year since the 1984-85 crop year, except for the 1991-92 season due to a lack of funding. The data from the first two years were used for research purposes in developing crop-estimating models.



CALIFORNIA CENTRAL VALLEY NAVEL ORANGE DATA

| Crop Year 1/ | Number of Sampled Groves | Final Utilized Production (Cartons) 2/ | Forecast Utilized Production (Cartons) 2/ | Bearing Acres | Average Trees Per Acre | Average Set Per Tree | Average September 1 Diameter 3/ (Inches) |
|--------------|--------------------------|--|---|---------------|------------------------|----------------------|--|
| 1987-88 | 300 | 53,588,000 | 46,000,000 | 96,110 | 126 | 361 | 2.343 |
| 1988-89 | 350 | 58,326,000 | 61,000,000 | 98,766 | 126 | 570 | 2.195 |
| 1989-90 | 350 | 79,242,000 | 61,000,000 | 101,525 | 125 | 541 | 2.250 |
| 1990-91 | 431 | 25,514,000 | 70,000,000 | 104,560 | 124 | 498 | 2.213 |
| 1991-92 | --- | 60,406,000 | --- | 102,000 | 124 | --- | --- |
| 1992-93 | 398 | 81,034,000 | 66,000,000 | 102,612 | 121 | 572 | 2.296 |
| 1993-94 | 488 | 63,800,000 | 68,000,000 | 106,381 | 121 | 452 | 2.365 |
| 1994-95 | 480 | 66,358,000 | 65,000,000 | 107,049 | 121 | 457 | 2.232 |
| 1995-96 | 498 | 69,750,000 | 68,000,000 | 113,000 | 121 | 460 | 2.258 |
| 1996-97 | 498 | 71,700,000 | 66,000,000 | 115,000 | 121 | 359 | 2.470 |
| 1997-98 | 531 | 81,000,000 | 80,000,000 | 116,500 | 121 | 407 | 2.481 |
| 1998-99 | 498 | 37,000,000 | 61,000,000 | 118,000 | 121 | 380 | 2.184 |
| 1999-00 | 478 | 76,000,000 | 75,000,000 | 119,000 | 122 | 458 | 2.224 |
| 2000-01 | 478 | 68,000,000 | 65,000,000 | 122,000 | 122 | 347 | 2.311 |
| 2001-02 | 527 | 62,000,000 | 60,000,000 | 122,000 | 122 | 264 | 2.483 |
| 2002-03 | 510 | 82,000,000 | 77,500,000 | 129,000 | 122 | 466 | 2.200 |
| 2003-04 | 498 | 77,000,000 | 76,000,000 | 129,000 | 124 | 358 | 2.410 |
| 2004-05 | 526 | 86,000,000 | 90,000,000 | 131,000 | 125 | 392 | 2.495 |
| 2005-06 | 569 | 92,000,000 | 82,000,000 | 133,000 | 127 | 461 | 2.230 |
| 2006-07 | 539 | 67,000,000 | 64,000,000 | 135,000 | 129 | 294 | 2.268 |
| 2007-08 | 543 | 88,000,000 | 84,000,000 | 135,000 | 130 | 390 | 2.245 |
| 2008-09 | 527 | 67,000,000 | 62,000,000 | 135,000 | 131 | 202 | 2.276 |
| 2009-10 | 533 | 82,000,000 | 78,000,000 | 134,500 | 132 | 294 | 2.336 |
| 2010-11 | 519 | 93,000,000 | 90,000,000 | 133,500 | 133 | 418 | 2.143 |
| 2011-12 4/ | 535 | 85,000,000 | 85,000,000 | 132,000 | 133 | 318 | 2.270 |
| 2012-13 5/ | 536 | | 90,000,000 | 131,000 | 134 | 344 | 2.195 |

- 1/ Data for 1990-91, 1998-99, and 2006-07 (freeze years) were not used in forecasting the 2010-11 crop. An objective measurement survey was not conducted for the 1991-92 season due to lack of funding.
- 2/ Prior to the 2010-11 season, cartons had a standard equivalent weight of 37.5 lbs. Beginning in the 2010-11 season, cartons have a standard equivalent weight of 40 lbs.
- 3/ Size data for 1984-85 through 1993-94 are from the Navel Orange Administrative Committee, while the data from 1993-94 through 2006-07 are from the orange industry. Size data beginning 2007-08 are from the USDA-NASS, California Field Office objective measurement survey.
- 4/ Subject to revision September 20, 2012.
- 5/ USDA, NASS, California Field Office preliminary forecast.

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