



Developing Geoprocessing Service for Cropland Data Layer Thematic Map Creation

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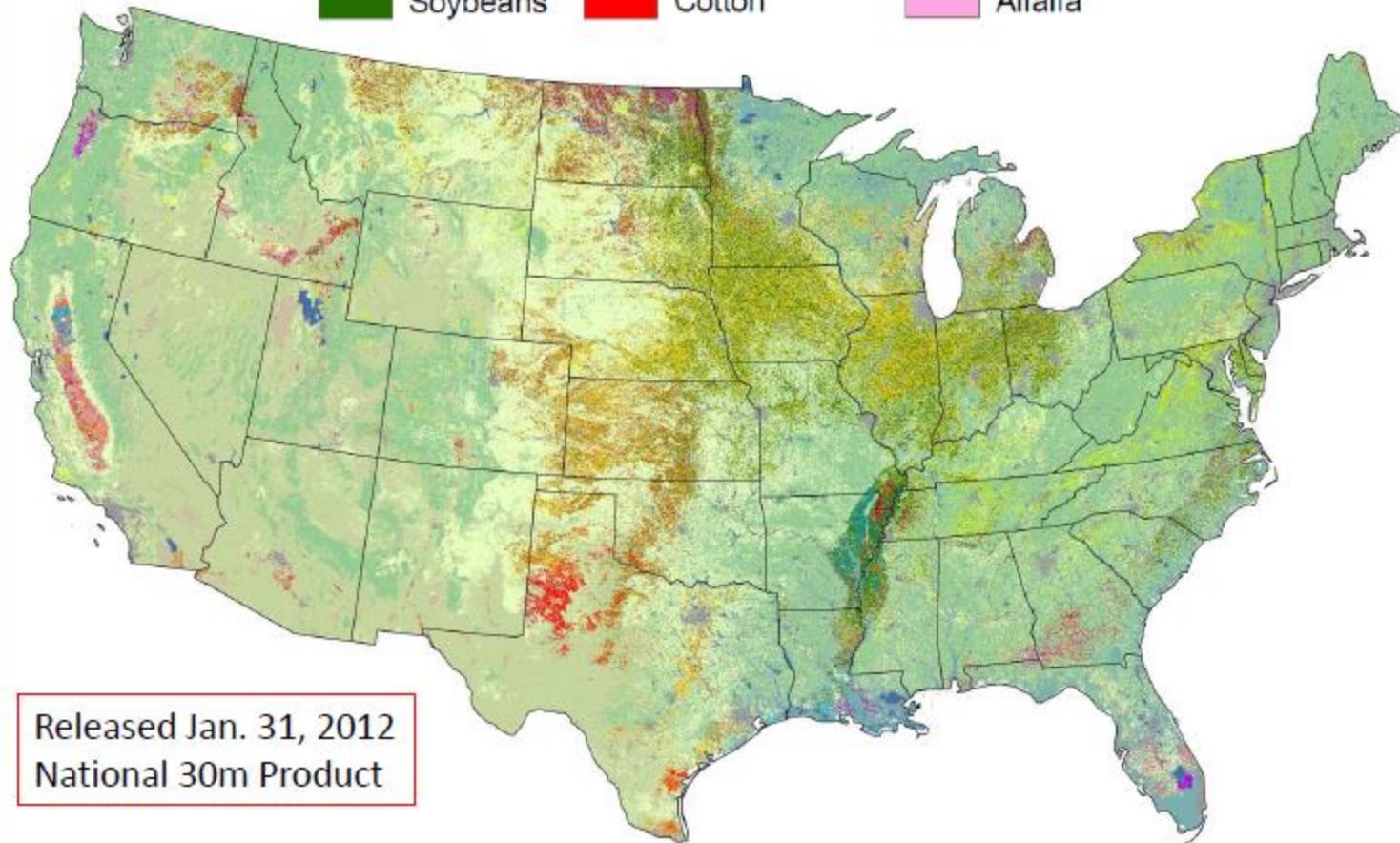
Cropland Data Layer (CDL)



- The annual CDL products (1997-2011) are derived from mid-resolution satellite data and ground truth data
- Provides the specific crop and other land cover classifications covering all 48 conterminous states
- Previous distribution methods
 - Paper Thematic Map
 - CD/DVD Copy
 - HTTP/FTP Links (at the state level only)

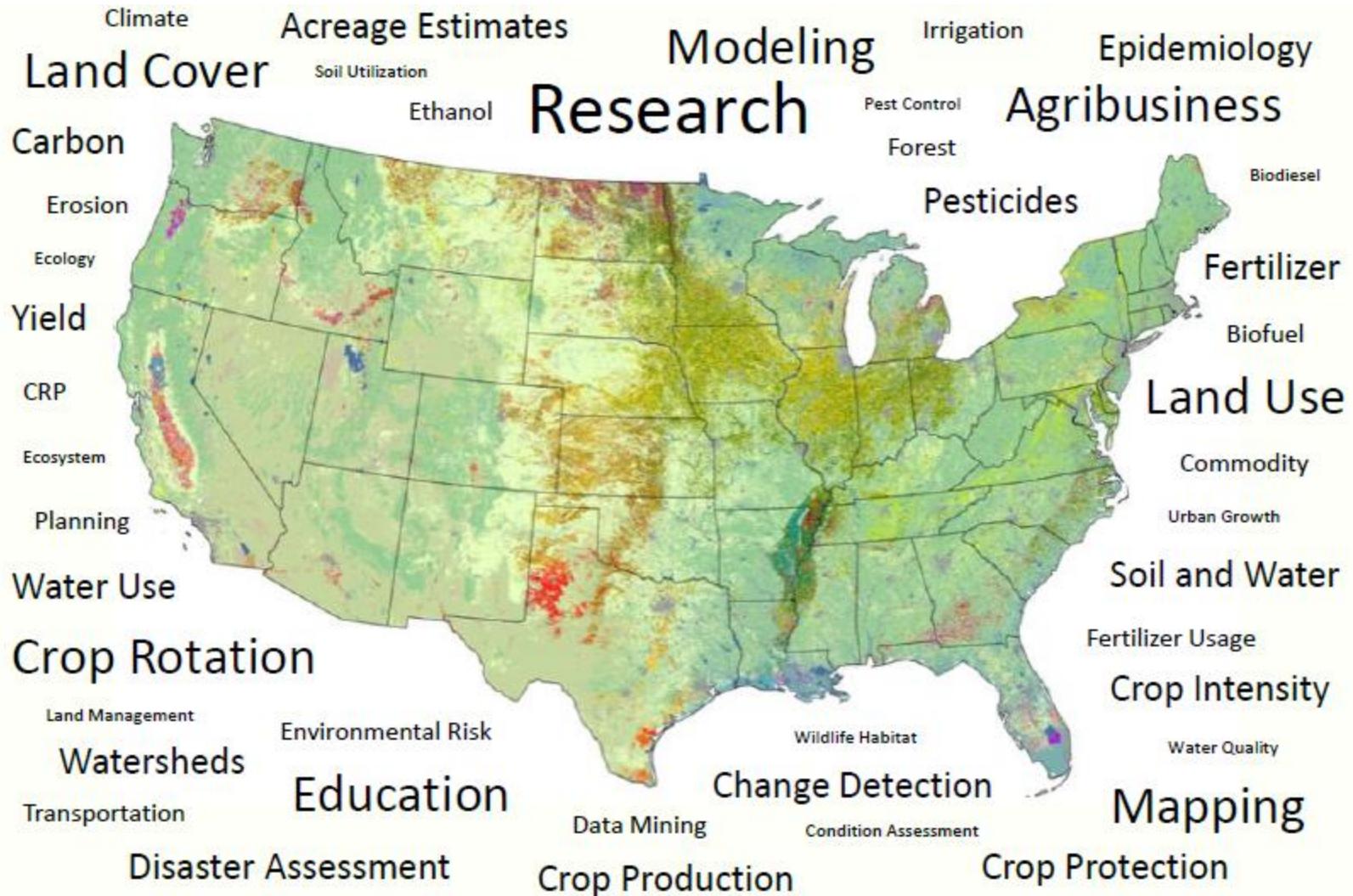
2011 CDL

The Cropland Data Layer product is a raster-formatted, geo-referenced, crop specific, land cover map.



Released Jan. 31, 2012
National 30m Product

CDL Applications



CropScape

- Web portal

<http://nassgeodata.gmu.edu/CropScape>



- Support the common browsers

- Offer online CDL visualization, query, customization, analysis, and dissemination functions

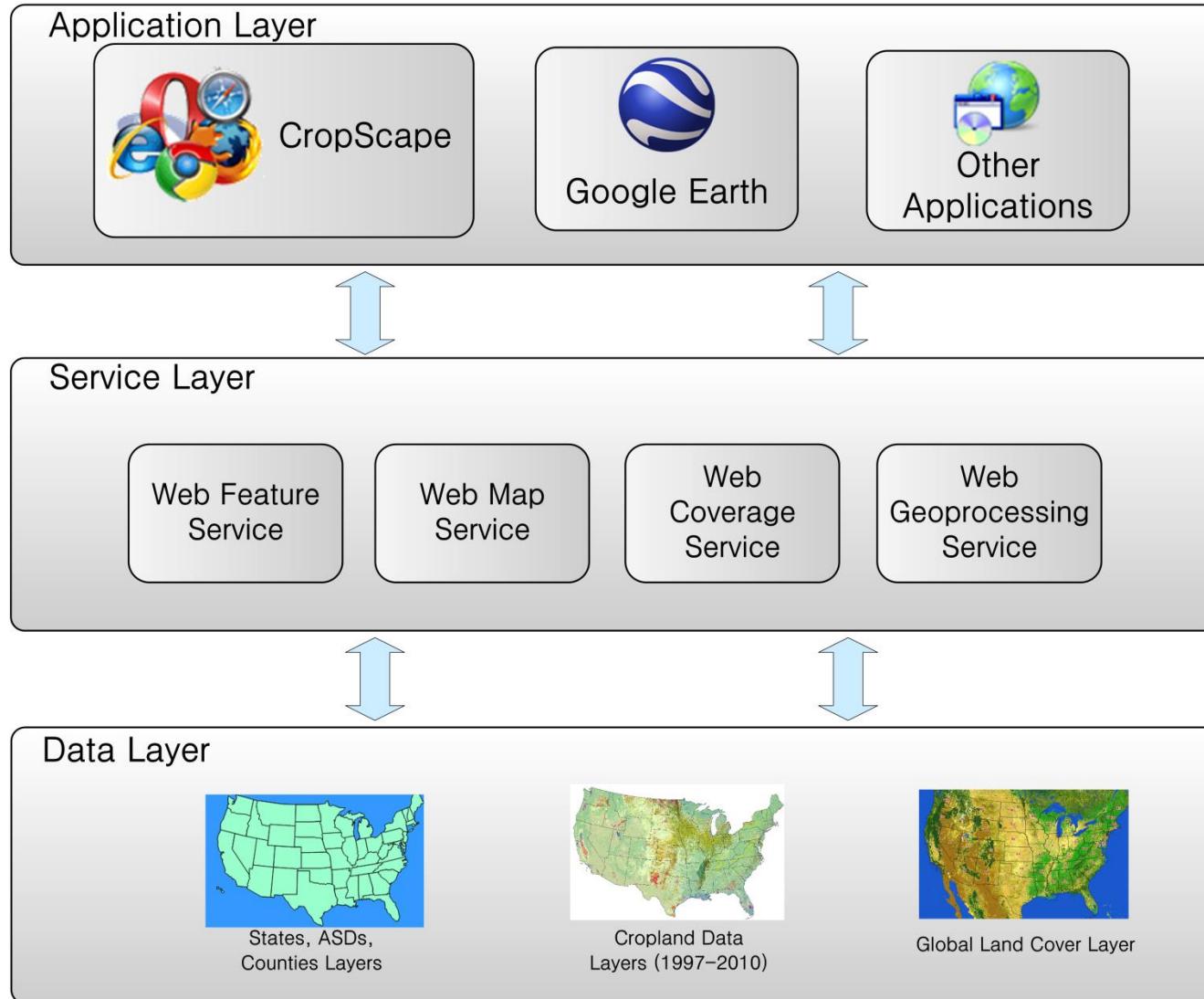
- Provide OGC standard Web data services (WCS, WFS and WMS)

<http://nassgeodata.gmu.edu/CropScape/devhelp/help.html>

- Publication

Han, W., Yang, Z., Di, L., Mueller, R., 2012. CropScape: A Web service based application for exploring and disseminating US conterminous geospatial cropland data products for decision support. Computers and Electronics in Agriculture, 84, 111–123.

CropScape Architecture





CropScape User Interface

The screenshot displays the CropScape - NASS CDL Program interface. At the top, there's a toolbar with various icons, followed by a location bar showing coordinates (1481639.08547, 297716.16667). The main area features a map of the United States with state abbreviations. A central dialog box titled "Define Area of Interest By State/ASD/County" allows users to select a state (Iowa), an ASD (Dialog), and a county (Calhoun). The map view shows different colors representing various crops. To the left, there's a "Layers" panel with categories like Background Layers, Cropland Data Layers (from 2010 to 1997), and Boundaries. Below the layers is a "Layer Control" panel with a "Demo" button. On the right, there's a "Help" and "FAQ" section. At the bottom, there's an "Overview" map of the US and a copyright notice from 2009-2011.



CropScape Visit Statistics



Location

Jan 10, 2011 - Jul 25, 2012

% of visits: 100.00%

Country / Territory	Visits	Pages / Visit	Avg. Visit Duration	% New Visits	Bounce Rate
1. United States	46,934	1.18	00:01:16	59.84%	87.05%
2. Canada	815	1.15	00:01:00	74.23%	88.59%
3. Germany	345	1.06	00:00:27	57.39%	95.07%
4. China	320	1.14	00:00:41	75.62%	88.44%
5. Argentina	316	1.13	00:01:07	42.41%	91.14%
6. Spain	301	1.12	00:00:43	74.42%	91.03%
7. United Kingdom	294	1.17	00:01:13	60.54%	88.10%
8. France	258	1.22	00:01:13	64.34%	86.43%
9. Brazil	206	1.10	00:00:44	66.50%	91.75%
10. Russia	195	1.14	00:00:58	49.23%	88.21%



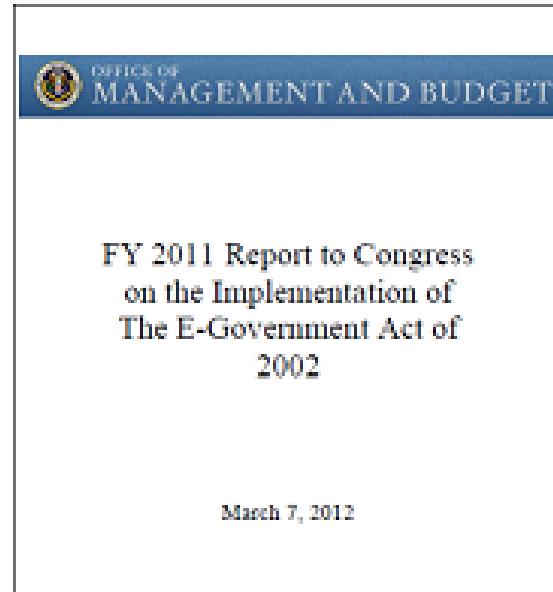
Visits	Pages / Visit	Avg. Visit Duration	% New Visits	Bounce Rate
52,273 % of Total: 100.00% (52,273)	1.18 Site Avg: 1.18 (0.00%)	00:01:15 Site Avg: 00:01:15 (0.00%)	60.61% Site Avg: 60.61% (0.00%)	87.29% Site Avg: 87.29% (0.00%)



CropScape



- “*Highlights of Agency Open Government IT Accomplishments that improve citizen engagement*” in the FY 2011 Report to Congress on the Implementation of The E-Government Act of 2002



CropScape

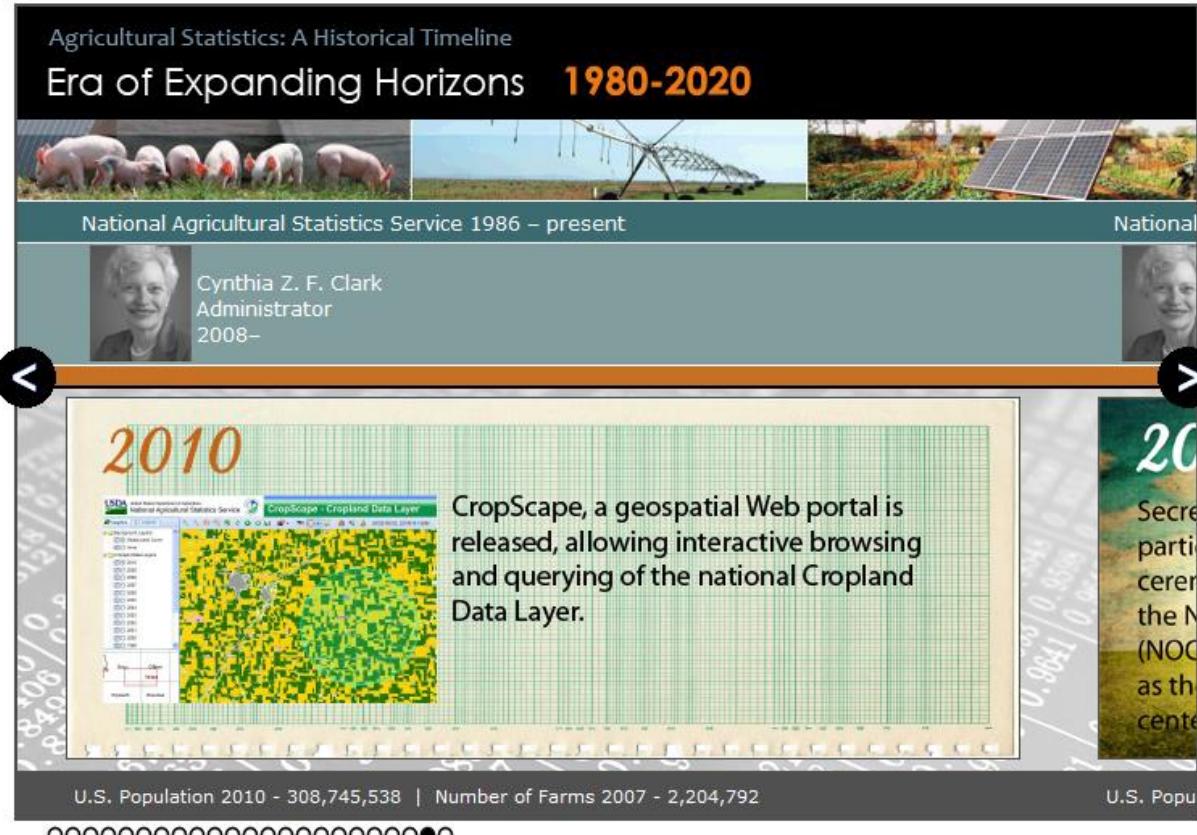
- *The 63rd Annual Secretary's Honor Awards of U. S. Department of Agriculture in 2011*



CropScape

- Agricultural Statistics: A Historical Timeline (2010)

Agricultural Statistics: A Historical Timeline
Era of Expanding Horizons **1980-2020**



National Agricultural Statistics Service 1986 – present

National

Cynthia Z. F. Clark
Administrator
2008–

2010

CropScape, a geospatial Web portal is released, allowing interactive browsing and querying of the national Cropland Data Layer.

U.S. Population 2010 - 308,745,538 | Number of Farms 2007 - 2,204,792

U.S. Popu

oooooooooooooooooooo



What Is Next?



- Online cropland data layer thematic map creation!
 - Reduce the hardship for creating a map
 - Automate the process - efficiency
 - Reduce map creation cost



Requirements of Geoprocessing Services

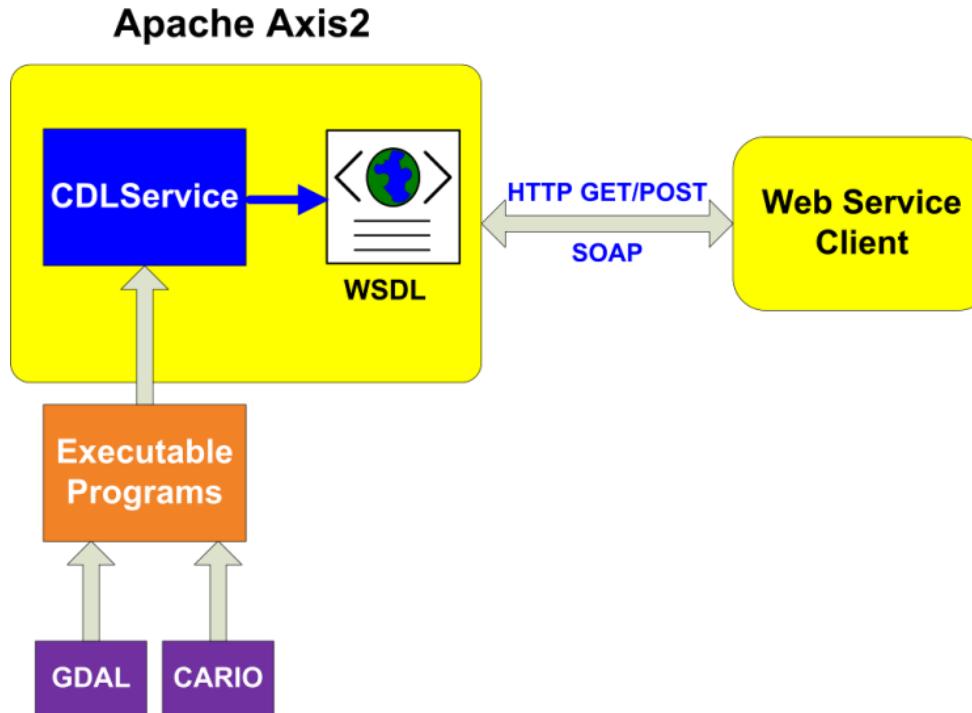


- Break the limitations of OGC WMS and WCS (within bounding box only)
- Provide open Web geoprocessing services of on-demand CDL visualization, dissemination, and analysis
- Be invoked in other geospatial applications directly
- Be integrated in scientific workflows

CDLService Architecture

WSDL: <http://nassgeodata.gmu.edu:8080/axis2/services/CDLService?wsdl>

Guide: <http://nassgeodata.gmu.edu/CropScape/devhelp/help.html>





CDLService Architecture



- Axis2 (<http://axis.apache.org/axis2/java/core/>)
 - Axis2 plugins and Web Services Tools (WST) of Eclipse
 - Top Down method (WSDL -> Java-> Web Service)
- GDAL (<http://www.gdal.org>)
 - Open source geospatial library
 - Support to read and write common geospatial data formats
 - Create images and get the statistical information of area of interest (AOI)
- Cairo (<http://www.cairographics.org>)
 - Open source 2D vector graphic library
 - Offer powerful drawing APIs to draw geometries, images, and texts with various styles
 - Support multiple output formats (e.g. PNG, PDF, SVG, Win32 GDI, etc)

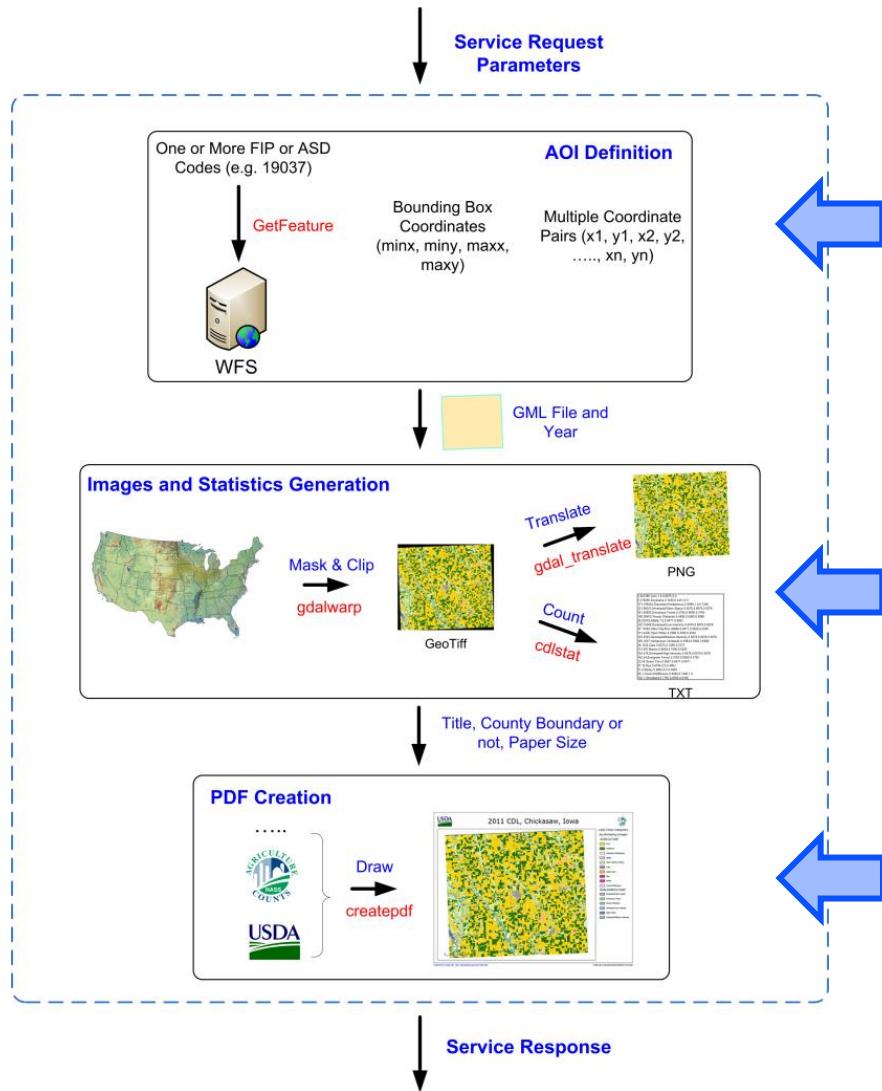
WSDL of GetCDLPDF Operation

```
<xsd:element name="GetCDLPDF">
  <xsd:complexType>
    <xsd:sequence>
      <xsd:element maxOccurs="1" minOccurs="1" name="year" type="xsd:string">
      <xsd:element maxOccurs="1" minOccurs="0" name="fips" type="xsd:string">
      <xsd:element maxOccurs="1" minOccurs="0" name="bbox" type="xsd:string">
      <xsd:element maxOccurs="1" minOccurs="0" name="points" type="xsd:string">
      <xsd:element default="Letter" maxOccurs="1" minOccurs="1" name="papersize" type="xsd:string">
      <xsd:element maxOccurs="1" minOccurs="1" name="title" type="xsd:string">
      <xsd:element default="false" maxOccurs="1" minOccurs="0" name="boundaryflag" type="xsd:boolean">
    </xsd:sequence>
  </xsd:complexType>
</xsd:element>
<xsd:element name="GetCDLPDFResponse">
  <xsd:complexType>
    <xsd:sequence>
      <xsd:element maxOccurs="1" minOccurs="1" name="returnURL" type="xsd:anyURI">
    </xsd:sequence>
  </xsd:complexType>
</xsd:element>
```

Input Parameters of GetCDLPDF Operation

Output of GetCDLPDF Operation

Data Processing in GetCDLPDF Operation



Three types of AOI definition:

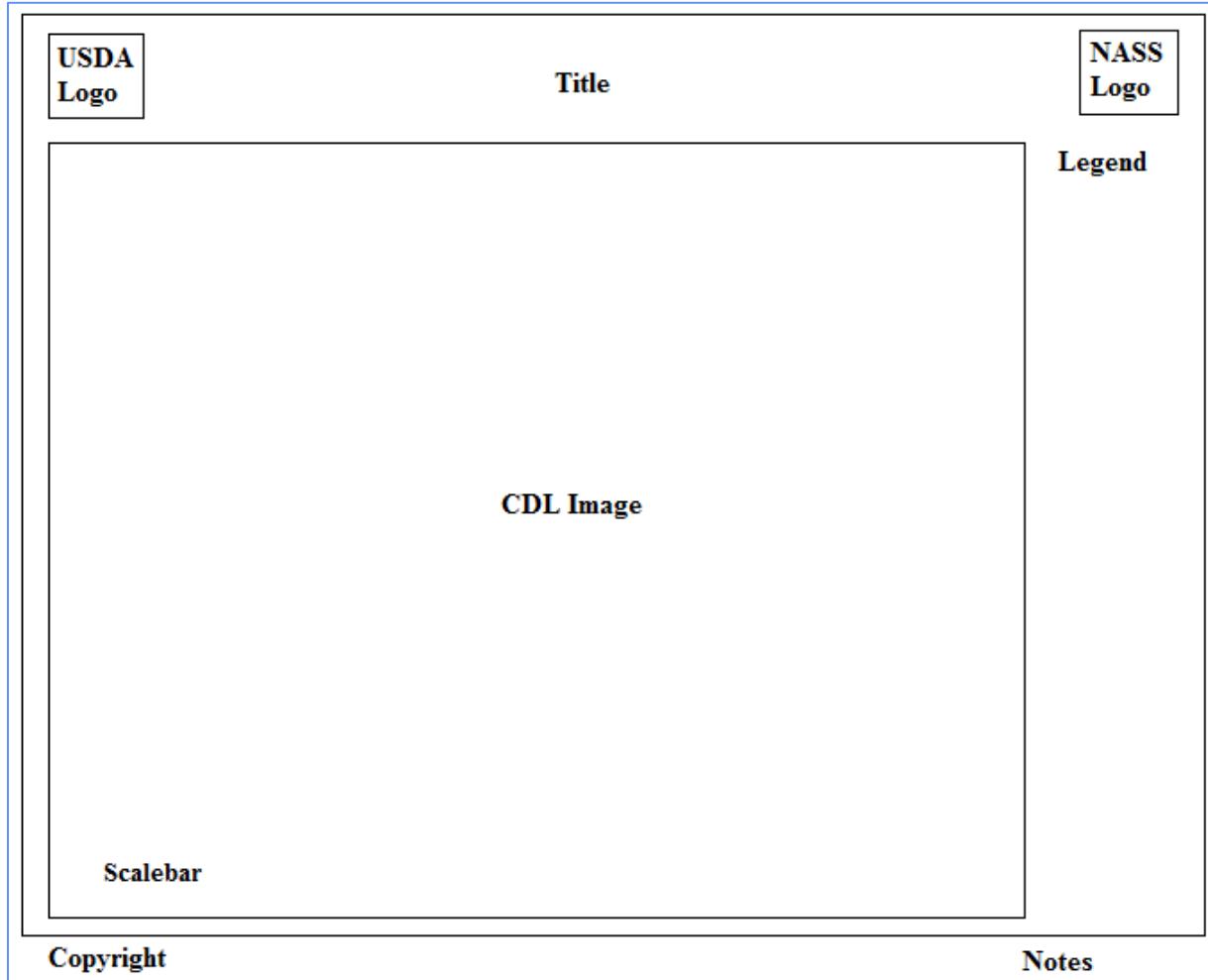
- (1) by FIPS code(s) or ASD code(s)
- (2) by bounding box
- (3) by polygon

GDAL utilities and programs from GDAL APIs

Program from Cairo APIs



Map Template





Rendering Process Using Cairo APIs



Step 1: Create PDF surface

```
surface = cairo_pdf_surface_create(pdffilename, sizex, sizey);
cr = cairo_create(surface);
cairo_set_source_rgb(cr, 0, 0, 0);
```

Step 2: Render the drawing area

```
cairo_set_line_width(cr, 0.5);
cairo_rectangle(cr, 0.7*marginx, 2.1*marginy, sizex-5*marginx, sizey-2.9*marginy);
cairo_stroke(cr);
```

Step 3: Draw all images in the predefined positions of map template

```
usdasurface = cairo_image_surface_create_from_png(usdafilename);
usdaw = cairo_image_surface_get_width(usdasurface);
usdah = cairo_image_surface_get_height(usdasurface);
cairo_save(cr);
ratio = usdaw/printareaw<usdah/printareah?usdaw/printareaw:usdah/printareah;
cairo_scale(cr, ratio, ratio);
cairo_set_source_surface(cr, usdasurface, 0.7*marginx/ratio, 0.5*marginy/ratio);
cairo_paint(cr);
cairo_restore(cr);
```



Rendering Process Using Cairo APIs



Step 4: Draw all texts and geometries in the predefined positions of map template

```
cairo_select_font_face(cr, "Sans", CAIRO_FONT_SLANT_NORMAL, CAIRO_FONT_WEIGHT_NORMAL);
cairo_set_font_size(cr, 25.0);
cairo_text_extents(cr, title, &extents);
titlex = sizex/2.0 - (extents.width/2.0 + extents.x_bearing);
titley = 1.3*marginy - (extents.height/2.0 + extents.y_bearing);
cairo_move_to(cr, titlex, titley);
cairo_show_text(cr, title);
```

Step 5: Save the drawing context and destroy the created surfaces

```
cairo_show_page(cr);
cairo_surface_destroy(surface);
cairo_surface_destroy(imagesurface);
```

Demonstration in CropScape

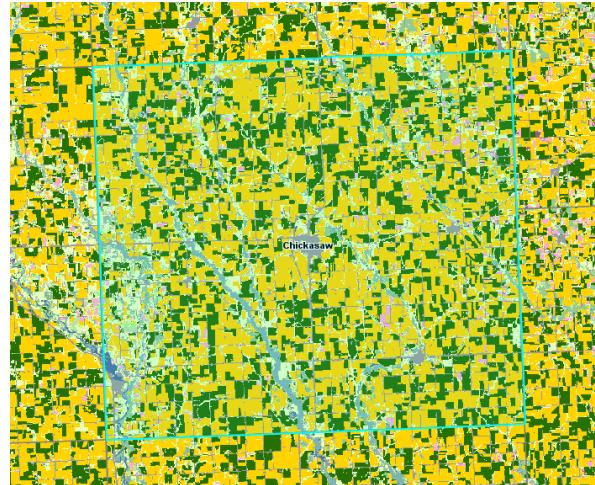
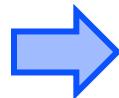
Define Area of Interest By State/ASD/County

Select a State
State: Iowa

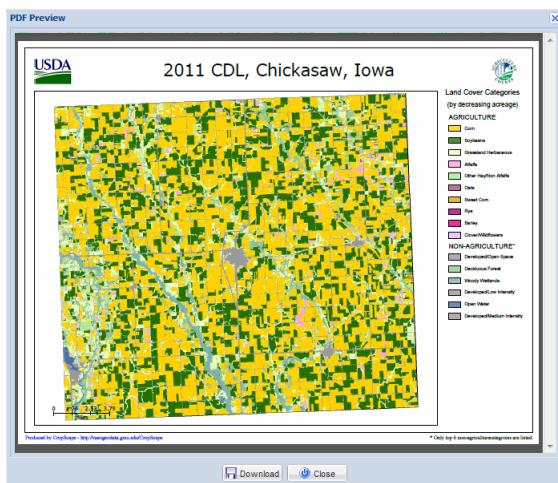
Select an ASD
ASD: Select an ASD...

Or Select a County
County: Chickasaw

Define AOI by Administrative District



Highlight AOI in Map View



Display and Download PDF File



Create PDF File

Title: 2011 CDL, Chickasaw, Iowa

Paper Size: Letter - 11x8.5 in

Letter - 11x8.5 in
A4 - 11.7x8.3 in
A3 - 16.5x11.7 in
A2 - 23.4x16.5 in
A1 - 33.1x23.4 in
A0 - 46.8x33.1 in

Specify Title and Paper Size



HTTP/GET Example



- One FIPS or ASD code

<http://nassgeodata.gmu.edu:8080/axis2/services/CDLService/GetCDLPDF?year=2011&fips=19&papersize=Letter&title=2011%20Iowa%20CDL&boundaryflag=true>

-

- Two or more FIPS or ASD codes (separated by ",")

<http://nassgeodata.gmu.edu:8080/axis2/services/CDLService/GetCDLPDF?year=2011&fips=19003,19029&papersize=A4&title=2011%20CDL>

HTTP/POST Example

Service URL:

Year:

Paper Size:

Title:

Points:

HTML Form



- Host:
<http://nassgeodata.gmu.edu:8080/axis2/services/CDLService/GetCDLPDF>
- Content:
`year=2011&points=175207,2219600,175207,2235525,213693,2235525,213693,2219600&papersize=Letter&title=2011%20CDL`
- Content Type:
`application/x-www-form-urlencoded`

```
<?xml version='1.0' encoding='utf-8'?>
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
<soapenv:Body>
<ns1:GetCDLPDF xmlns:ns1="http://cropscape.csiss.gmu.edu/CDLService/">
<year>2011</year>
<fips>19037</fips>
<papersize>Letter</papersize>
<title>2011 Chickasaw County, Iowa</title>
<boundaryflag>true</boundaryflag>
</ns1:GetCDLPDF>
</soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

Request (Chickasaw County, Iowa)



Response

```
<?xml version='1.0' encoding='utf-8'?>
<soapenv:Envelope xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
<soapenv:Body>
<ns1:GetCDLPDFResponse xmlns:ns1="http://cropscape.csiss.gmu.edu/CDLService/">
<returnURL>
http://nassgeodata.gmu.edu/nass_data_cache/CDL_2011_19037_1936045126.pdf
</returnURL>
</ns1:GetCDLPDFResponse>
</soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```



Discussions and Conclusions



- Extend the reach of CDL data
- Promote sharing and utilization of geospatial cropland information in the agricultural related decision making
- Be very useful in NASS operation and utilized by many users
- Reduce operational resource and cost
- Improve efficiency and CDL data presentation



Discussions and Conclusions



- Support higher resolution (greater than 300 dpi) image in the graphic context
- Read and render the vector file (i.e. ESRI Shapefile) directly in the graphic context
- Develop a WYSIWYG (What-You-See-Is-What-You-Get) user interface in CropScape to create a high-quality map with user's preferences



Questions or comments?

Thanks!